

# C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

## Summer Examination-2019

Subject Name: Electromagnetics

Subject Code: 4TE06ELM1

Branch: B.Tech (Electrical)

Semester: 6

Date: 16/04/2019

Time: 10:30 To 01:30

Marks: 70

Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator & any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

**Q-1 Attempt the following questions: (14)**

- a) Electric field intensity is a quantity  
(A) scalar (B) vector (C) both (a) and (b)
- b) If A and B are the vectors, then  $A \times B = B \times A$   
A) True B) False
- c) If  $\rho$  is a variable of Cylindrical co-ordinates, x and y are Cartesian co-ordinates, then  
(A)  $\rho = x + y$  (B)  $\rho = x - y$  (C)  $\rho = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$
- d) Points P and Q are located at P (10,2,4) and Q (-3,1,5) then distance between P and Q is \_\_\_\_  
A) 13 B) 5.2 C) 0 D) 10
- e) Gauss Law is applicable to \_\_\_\_\_  
A) Open surface B) Open and Closed Surface C) Closed Surface D) None of the above
- f) The relative permittivity has the following units  
(A) F/m (B) m/F (C) Wb/m (D) no units
- g) If A is a vector, then \_\_\_\_\_  
A)  $A \cdot A = 1$  B)  $A \cdot A = 0$  C)  $A \cdot A = A^2$  D)  $A \cdot A = A$
- h) The magnitude of vector  $A = 2 \cos \alpha a_x + 2 \sin \alpha a_y + 7a_z =$  \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) 10 (B) 0 (C) 3.87 (D) 7.28
- i) Electric field lines exerting force on a charge are also known as  
(A) force of lines (B) lines of force (C) force lines (D) both a and b
- j) The unit of electric field intensity is \_\_\_\_\_  
(A) Coulomb/Newton (B) Coulomb (C) Newton (D) Newton/Coulomb
- k) The equation for a line charge is given by \_\_\_\_\_  
(A)  $\int \rho_L dl$  (B)  $\int \rho_V dv$  (C)  $\int \rho_S ds$
- l) If Q is the charge in a total volume v, then volume charge density  $\rho =$  \_\_\_\_  
(A)  $Q/V$  (B)  $V/Q$  (C) Q (D)  $Q \cdot V$
- m) Law stating force directly proportional to charges and inversely proportional to square of radius is called  
(A) Newton's law (B) coulombs law (C) gauss's law (D) Ohm's law
- n) Curl of H = \_\_\_\_\_  
(A)  $\nabla H$  (B)  $\nabla * H$  (C)  $H \nabla$  (D)  $\nabla H^2$



**Attempt any four questions from Q-2 to Q-8**

- Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a)  $\vec{A} = 10\vec{a}_x - 4\vec{a}_y + 6\vec{a}_z$ ,  $\vec{B} = 2\vec{a}_x + \vec{a}_y$ , (07)
- If Find (1) The component  $\vec{A}$  along  $\vec{a}_y$  (2) The magnitude of  $3\vec{A} - \vec{B}$  (3) A unit vector along  $\vec{A} + 2\vec{B}$ .
- (b) Find D at (4, 0, 3) if there is a point charge  $-5\pi$  mC at (4, 0, 0) and a line charge  $3\pi$  mC/m along the y axis. (07)
- Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) If  $Q_1$  and  $Q_2$  are the point charges are located at points having position vectors  $\vec{r}_1$  and  $\vec{r}_2$ , (07)
- derive the equation of force  $\vec{F}_{12}$  on charge  $Q_2$  due to  $Q_1$ .
- (b) If  $\vec{A}$  is a vector, give the equation for vector  $\vec{A}$  in circular cylindrical co-ordinates. Give the relationship between Cartesian co-ordinates (x,y,z) and cylindrical co-ordinates  $(\rho, \phi, z)$ . (07)
- Q-4 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Derive Poisson's and Laplace equation. (05)
- (b) Explain difference between Electric and magnetic field. (04)
- (c) Two dipoles with dipole moments  $-5 a_z$  nC/m and  $9 a_z$  nC/m are located at points (0,0,-2) and (0,0,3) respectively. Find the potential at the origin. (05)
- Q-5 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) The field quantities are given by (07)
- $$\vec{P} = 2\vec{a}_x - \vec{a}_z$$
- $$\vec{Q} = 2\vec{a}_x - \vec{a}_y + 2\vec{a}_z$$
- $$\vec{R} = 2\vec{a}_x - 3\vec{a}_y + \vec{a}_z$$
- Determine i)  $(\vec{P} + \vec{Q}) \times (\vec{P} - \vec{Q})$  ii)  $\vec{Q} \cdot \vec{R} \times \vec{P}$
- (b) Explain position vector and distance vector. (07)
- Q-6 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Derive the equation for electric flux density  $\vec{D} = \frac{Q}{4\pi r^2} \vec{a}_r$ , where  $Q$  is the point charge. (07)
- (b) Derive the equation for magnetic field intensity with the help of Biot-Savart's law. (07)
- Q-7 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) For a co-axial cable at high frequencies, give the equation for capacitance, conductance, inductance and resistance (07)
- (b) State Gauss Law. Show that electric flux  $\psi = \oint D_S dS = Q$ , where  $Q$ = point charge and  $D_S$  = surface Flux density. (07)
- Q-8 Attempt all questions (14)**
- (a) Explain Antenna characteristics of power gain. (07)
- (b) The radiation intensity of a certain antenna is (07)
- $$U(\theta, \phi) = 2 \sin \theta \sin^3 \phi, \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi, \quad 0 \leq \phi \leq \pi$$
- $$= 0, \quad \text{elsewhere}$$

